A new algorithm to analyze the superficial components in satellite Images

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Key word: coniferous, models, remote sensing, index of vegetation.

Summary The change of the landscape of the terrestrial surface for diverse causes, its composition and structure has been in the aim of the whole humanity, diverse forms have been developed to understand them and the sensory one remote it is the most recent and novel thing to have a quick knowledge of big extensions of the composition of the terrestrial surface and in particular of pine forests - encino, for they have been applied it different forms of analyzing the vegetation and the most common using the infrared and the red one near of the satellite Landsat, where the index of vegetation is obtained for coniferous with the relationship of the bands B5/4 and the NDVI with B4/3, and the index K, a novel algorithm that allows to differentiate the species and to measure the density of the vegetable cover, the degree of desolated of the terrestrial surface.